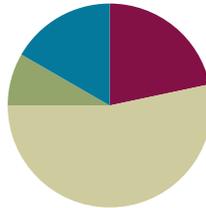


Lesson 21

Objective: Estimate sums and differences of measurements by rounding, and then solve mixed word problems.

Suggested Lesson Structure

■ Fluency Practice	(13 minutes)
■ Application Problem	(5 minutes)
■ Concept Development	(32 minutes)
■ Student Debrief	(10 minutes)
Total Time	(60 minutes)



Fluency Practice (13 minutes)

- Group Counting **3.OA.1** (4 minutes)
- Use Algorithms with Different Units **3.MD.2** (5 minutes)
- Estimate and Subtract **3.NBT.2** (4 minutes)

Group Counting (4 minutes)

Note: Group counting reviews interpreting multiplication as repeated addition. It reviews foundational strategies for multiplication from Module 1 and anticipates Module 3.

Direct students to count forward and backward, occasionally changing the direction of the count:

- Threes to 30
- Fours to 40
- Sixes to 60
- Sevens to 70
- Eights to 80
- Nines to 90

As students' fluency with skip-counting improves, help them make a connection to multiplication by tracking the number of groups they count using their fingers.

Use Algorithms with Different Units (5 minutes)

Materials: (S) Personal white board

Note: This activity reviews addition and subtraction using the standard algorithm.

T: (Write $495\text{ L} + 126\text{ L} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.) On your personal white board, solve using the standard algorithm.

Repeat the process, using the following suggested sequence: $368\text{ cm} + 132\text{ cm}$, $479\text{ cm} + 221\text{ cm}$, $532\text{ cm} + 368\text{ cm}$, $870\text{ L} - 39\text{ L}$, $870\text{ L} - 439\text{ L}$, $807\text{ g} - 45\text{ g}$, and $807\text{ g} - 445\text{ g}$.

Estimate and Subtract (4 minutes)

Materials: (S) Personal white board

Note: This activity reviews rounding to estimate differences from Lesson 20.

T: (Write $71 - 23 \approx \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.) Say the subtraction sentence.

S: $71 - 23$.

T: Say the subtraction sentence, rounding each number to the nearest ten.

S: $70 - 20$.

T: (Write $71 - 23 \approx 70 - 20$.) What's $70 - 20$?

S: 50.

T: So, $71 - 23$ should be close to...?

S: 50.

T: On your boards, answer $71 - 23$.

S: (Solve.)

Continue with the following suggested sequence: $47 - 18$, $574 - 182$, and $704 - 187$.



NOTES ON MULTIPLE MEANS OF ACTION AND EXPRESSION:

Some learners may be more successful estimating and subtracting if allowed support (without stigma), such as base ten blocks, a place value chart, or a calculator. Maintain high expectations of student achievement, and set realistic personalized goals that they are steadily guided to attain.

Application Problem (5 minutes)

Gloria fills water balloons with 238 mL of water. How many milliliters of water are in two water balloons? Estimate to the nearest 10 mL and 100 mL. Which gives a closer estimate?

<p><u>Partner 1</u></p> <p>$238\text{ mL} \approx 240\text{ mL}$</p> <p>$240 + 240 = 480\text{ mL}$</p>	<p><u>Partner 2</u></p> <p>$238\text{ mL} \approx 200\text{ mL}$</p> <p>$200\text{ mL} + 200\text{ mL} = 400\text{ mL}$</p>
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$$\begin{array}{r} 238 \\ +238 \\ \hline 476 \end{array}$$

There are 476 mL in 2 balloons.

Rounding to the nearest 10 gives a closer estimate than rounding to the nearest 100.



NOTES ON APPLICATION PROBLEM:

Have students complete the problem in partners so that Partner 1 rounds to the nearest ten and Partner 2 rounds to the nearest hundred—it's a time-efficient way of having both estimates to compare with the actual answer.

Note: This problem reviews Lesson 17 by having students round to estimate sums and then calculate the actual answer. It reviews addition because this lesson includes mixed practice with addition and subtraction.

Concept Development (32 minutes)

Materials: See complete description below.

Problems 1–3 of the Problem Set:

Each group has the premeasured items and measurement tools listed below. Students work together to measure weight, length, and capacity.

Next, they round to estimate sums and differences, and then use the standard algorithm to solve. Determine whether students work in pairs, groups, or individually based on ability. Students should use their estimates to assess the reasonableness of actual answers.

Student Directions: Follow the Problem Set directions to complete Problems 1–3 with your group. Once you have finished those problems, complete Problem 4 on your own.

Materials Description (per group):

Problem 1: 1 digital scale, 1 bag of rice pre-measured at 58 grams, 1 bag of beans pre-measured at 91 grams

Problem 2: 1 meter stick; 3 pieces of yarn labeled A, B, and C (Yarn A pre-measured at 64 cm, Yarn B pre-measured at 88 cm, Yarn C pre-measured at 38 cm)

Problem 3: 1 400 mL beaker, Container D with liquid pre-measured at 212 mL, Container E with liquid pre-measured at 238 mL, Container F with liquid pre-measured at 195 mL

Problem 4: No additional materials

Student Debrief (10 minutes)

Lesson Objective: Estimate sums and differences of measurements by rounding, and then solve mixed word problems.

The Student Debrief is intended to invite reflection and active processing of the total lesson experience.

Invite students to review their solutions for the Problem Set. They should check work by comparing answers with a partner before going over answers as a class.

Look for misconceptions or misunderstandings that can be addressed in the Debrief. Guide students in a conversation to debrief the Problem Set and process the lesson.



NOTES ON MULTIPLE MEANS OF ACTION AND EXPRESSIONS:

English language learners and others benefit from a demonstration of the procedure, as well as a review of behavior norms. For example, how will turns be recognized? What can be said to request the use of a tool? What is each tool called?

Working in pairs may be to the advantage of English language learners because it provides an opportunity to speak about math in English.

NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM Lesson 21 Problem Set 3•2

Name Gina Date _____

1. Weigh the bags of beans and rice on the scale. Then write the weight on the scales below.




a. Estimate, and then find the total weight of the beans and rice.

Estimate: $91g + 58g = 90g + 60g = 150g$

Actual: $91g + 58g = 149g$

b. Estimate, and then find the difference between the weight of the beans and rice.

Estimate: $91g - 58g = 90g - 60g = 30g$

Actual: $91g - 58g = 33g$

c. Are your answers reasonable? Explain why.

My answers are reasonable because 150g is only 1 more than 149g and 30g is only 3 less than 33g.

COMMON CORE | engage^{ny} 3.E.5

Any combination of the questions below may be used to lead the discussion.

- How can you use measurement as a tool for checking whether or not your answers are reasonable?
- How did you use mental math in today’s lesson?
- How did the Application Problem prepare you for today’s Problem Set?
- How did the Fluency Practice relate to your work today?

Exit Ticket (3 minutes)

After the Student Debrief, instruct students to complete the Exit Ticket. A review of their work will help with assessing students’ understanding of the concepts that were presented in today’s lesson and planning more effectively for future lessons. The questions may be read aloud to the students.

NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM Lesson 21 Problem Set 3•2

2. Measure the lengths of the three pieces of yarn.

Yarn A	64 cm ≈ 60 cm
Yarn B	88 cm ≈ 90 cm
Yarn C	38 cm ≈ 40 cm

a. Estimate the total length of Yarn A and Yarn C. Then, find the actual total length.

Estimate: $60\text{cm} + 40\text{cm} = 100\text{cm}$
 Actual: $64\text{cm} + 38\text{cm} = 102\text{cm}$

The estimated total is 100 cm, and the actual total is 102 cm.

b. Subtract to estimate the difference between the total length of Yarns A and C, and the length of Yarn B. Then, find the actual difference. Model the problem with a tape diagram.

Estimate: $100\text{cm} - 90\text{cm} = 10\text{cm}$
 Actual: $102\text{cm} - 88\text{cm} = 14\text{cm}$

Yarn A + Yarn C: 102 cm
 Yarn B: 88 cm

The estimated difference is 10 cm, and the actual is 14 cm.

3. Plot the amount of liquid in the three containers on the number lines below. Then, round to the nearest 10 milliliters.

<p>Container D</p> <p>220 mL 215 mL 212 mL 210 mL 212 mL ≈ 210 mL</p>	<p>Container E</p> <p>240 mL 238 mL 235 mL 230 mL 238 mL ≈ 240 mL</p>	<p>Container F</p> <p>200 mL 195 mL 190 mL 195 mL ≈ 200 mL</p>
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EUREKA MATH Lesson 21: Estimate sums and differences of measurements by rounding, and then solve mixed word problems. Date: 3/2/15 engageNY 43

NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM Lesson 21 Problem Set 3•2

a. Estimate the total amount of liquid in three containers. Then, find the actual amount.

Estimate: $210 + 240 + 200 = 650\text{ mL}$
 Actual: $212\text{ mL} + 238\text{ mL} + 195\text{ mL} = 645\text{ mL}$

The estimated total is 650 mL, and the actual total is 645 mL.

b. Estimate to find the difference between the amount of water in Containers D and E. Then, find the actual difference. Model the problem with a tape diagram.

Estimate: $240 - 210 = 30\text{ mL}$
 Actual: $238\text{ mL} - 212\text{ mL} = 26\text{ mL}$

The estimated difference is 30 mL. The actual difference is 26 mL.

4. Shane watches a movie in the theater that is 115 minutes long, including the trailers. The chart to the right shows the length in minutes of each trailer.

Trailer	Length in minutes
1	5 minutes
2	4 minutes
3	3 minutes
4	5 minutes
5	4 minutes
Total	21 minutes

a. Find the total number of minutes for all 5 trailers.

The total is 21 minutes.

b. Estimate to find the length of the movie without trailers. Then, find the actual length of the movie by calculating the difference between 115 minutes and the total minutes of trailers.

$115\text{ min} - 21\text{ min} \approx 120 - 20 = 100\text{ min}$
 $115\text{ min} - 21\text{ min} = 94\text{ min}$

The estimated length is 100 minutes, and the actual length is 94 minutes.

c. Is your answer reasonable? Explain why.

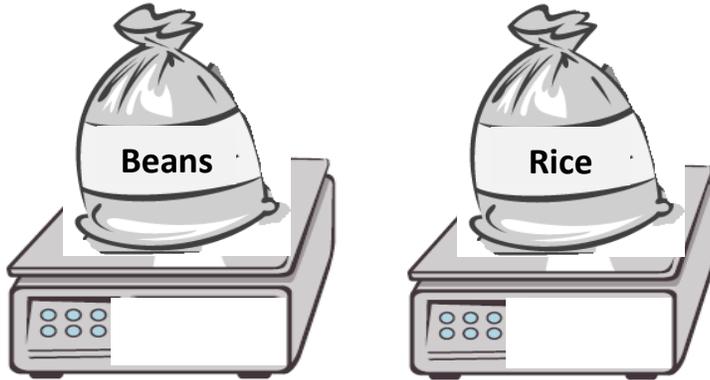
Yes, it is reasonable because 94 minutes is close to 100 minutes.

EUREKA MATH Lesson 21: Estimate sums and differences of measurements by rounding, and then solve mixed word problems. Date: 3/2/15 engageNY 44

Name _____

Date _____

1. Weigh the bags of beans and rice on the scale. Then, write the weight on the scales below.



a. Estimate, and then find the total weight of the beans and rice.

Estimate: _____ + _____ \approx _____ + _____ = _____

Actual: _____ + _____ = _____

b. Estimate, and then find the difference between the weight of the beans and rice.

Estimate: _____ - _____ \approx _____ - _____ = _____

Actual: _____ - _____ = _____

c. Are your answers reasonable? Explain why.

2. Measure the lengths of the three pieces of yarn.
- a. Estimate the total length of Yarn A and Yarn C. Then, find the actual total length.

Yarn A	_____ cm \approx _____ cm
Yarn B	_____ cm \approx _____ cm
Yarn C	_____ cm \approx _____ cm

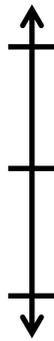
- b. Subtract to estimate the difference between the total length of Yarns A and C, and the length of Yarn B. Then, find the actual difference. Model the problem with a tape diagram.

3. Plot the amount of liquid in the three containers on the number lines below. Then, round to the nearest 10 milliliters.

Container D



Container E



Container F



- a. Estimate the total amount of liquid in three containers. Then, find the actual amount.

- b. Estimate to find the difference between the amount of water in Containers D and E. Then, find the actual difference. Model the problem with a tape diagram.

4. Shane watches a movie in the theater that is 115 minutes long, including the trailers. The chart to the right shows the length in minutes of each trailer.

Trailer	Length in minutes
1	5 minutes
2	4 minutes
3	3 minutes
4	5 minutes
5	4 minutes
Total	

- a. Find the total number of minutes for all 5 trailers.

- b. Estimate to find the length of the movie without trailers. Then, find the actual length of the movie by calculating the difference between 115 minutes and the total minutes of trailers.

c. Is your answer reasonable? Explain why.

Name _____

Date _____

1. There are 153 milliliters of juice in 1 carton. A three-pack of juice boxes contains a total of 459 milliliters.

a. Estimate, and then find the actual total amount of juice in 1 carton and in a three-pack of juice boxes.

$$153 \text{ mL} + 459 \text{ mL} \approx \underline{\quad\quad} + \underline{\quad\quad} = \underline{\quad\quad}$$

$$153 \text{ mL} + 459 \text{ mL} = \underline{\quad\quad}$$

b. Estimate, and then find the actual difference between the amount in 1 carton and in a three-pack of juice boxes.

$$459 \text{ mL} - 153 \text{ mL} \approx \underline{\quad\quad} - \underline{\quad\quad} = \underline{\quad\quad}$$

$$459 \text{ mL} - 153 \text{ mL} = \underline{\quad\quad}$$

c. Are your answers reasonable? Why?

2. Mr. Williams owns a gas station. He sells 367 liters of gas in the morning, 300 liters of gas in the afternoon, and 219 liters of gas in the evening.

a. Estimate, and then find the actual total amount of gas he sells in one day.

b. Estimate, and then find the actual difference between the amount of gas Mr. Williams sells in the morning and the amount he sells in the evening.

3. The Blue Team runs a relay. The chart shows the time, in minutes, that each team member spends running.

Blue Team	Time in Minutes
Jen	5 minutes
Kristin	7 minutes
Lester	6 minutes
Evy	8 minutes
Total	

a. How many minutes does it take the Blue Team to run the relay?

b. It takes the Red Team 37 minutes to run the relay. Estimate, and then find the actual difference in time between the two teams.

4. The lengths of three banners are shown to the right.

Banner A	437 cm
Banner B	457 cm
Banner C	332 cm

a. Estimate, and then find the actual total length of Banner A and Banner C.

b. Estimate, and then find the actual difference in length between Banner B and the combined length of Banner A and Banner C. Model the problem with a tape diagram.